



Section 01 Identification

Product Identifier	Liquid Swimming Pool
Other Means of Identification	Sodium hypochlorite, Bleach, Chlorox, Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt, Javel water, liquid bleach.
Product Use and Restrictions on Use	Disinfectant, bleaching agent, source of available chlorine, deodorizer.
Initial Supplier Identifier	Advance Chemicals Ltd 1500 Quebec Avenue Saskatoon, SK. Canada S7K 1V7 Phone: 800.387.7503 Fax: 888.281.8109 www.cleartech.ca
Prepared By	ClearTech Industries Inc. technical writer
24-Hour Emergency Phone	306.664.2522

Section 02 Hazard Identification

Physical Hazards

Corrosive to metals Category 1

Health Hazards

Skin corrosion / irritation Category 1

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Pictograms



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

- P260 Do not breathe vapours, fumes, or mists.
P264 Wash affected body parts thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

Response

- P301 P330 P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303 P361 P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or
P363 shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P304 P340 P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a
POISON CENTER or doctor.
P305 P351 P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage

- P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with all federal, provincial and / or local regulations
including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Not available

Supplemental Information

Not available

Section 03 Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients:

Chemical name	Common name(s)	CAS number	Concentration (w/w%)
Sodium Hypochlorite	Chlorine bleach	7681-52-9	5-14%

Section 04 First-Aid Measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

- Inhalation** Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). Avoid mouth to mouth contact by using a barrier device. May release toxic chlorine gas.
- Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.
- Skin contact** Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing, if necessary. Take off immediately contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water / shower for 30 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use, or discard.
- Eye contact** Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 30 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist). May release toxic chlorine gas.
Ingestion	Causes burns to the mouth and throat.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Further information	For further information see Section 11 Toxicological Information.

Section 05 Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish fire using extinguishing agents suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do NOT use dry chemical fire extinguishing agents containing ammonium compounds (such as some A:B:C agents), since an explosive compound can be formed.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Sodium hypochlorite decomposes when heated, giving off toxic chlorine gas. Explosive decomposition may occur under fire conditions and closed containers may rupture violently due to a rapid decomposition, if exposed to fire or excessive heat for a sufficient period of time. Thermal decomposition occurs at 50 °C.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. The decomposition products of sodium hypochlorite, such as chlorine are extremely hazardous to health. Do not enter without wearing specialized protective equipment suitable for the situation. Firefighter's normal protective equipment (Bunker Gear) may not provide adequate protection.

Section 06 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection). Stay upwind, ventilate area. Only enter area with PPE.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent material from entering waterways, sewers or confined spaces. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up	SMALL SPILLS: Approach from upwind, ventilate area. Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Clean up spill with non-reactive absorbent and place in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Flush area with water. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. LARGE SPILLS: Contact fire and emergency services and supplier for advice.

Section 07 Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Use proper equipment for lifting and transporting all containers. Use sensible industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid all situations that could lead to harmful exposure. Prevent the release of vapours, fumes, or mists into the workplace air. Inspect containers for damage or leaks before handling. If the original label is damaged or missing replace with a workplace label. Never return contaminated material to its original container. Have suitable emergency equipment for fires, spills and leaks readily available.
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Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat sources and incompatible materials. Always store in original labeled container. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use and when empty. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Protect label and keep it visible. Do not transfer to metal containers. Strong solutions (greater than 10% available chlorine) may slowly give off chlorine during storage, especially when warm (above 18°C). Vent caps are required to prevent a build-up of pressure that could cause containers to burst.
Incompatibilities	Acids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, fluosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic, acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic. Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and permanganates. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gas, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.

Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Sodium Hypochlorite	NIOSH	REL	2 mg/m ³
	OSHA	PEL	2 mg/m ³
Chlorine	NIOSH	REL	1.45 mg/m ³ (15-minute)

Engineering controls

Ventilation Requirements	Mechanical ventilation (dilution or local exhaust), process or personnel enclosure and control of process conditions should be provided in accordance with all fire codes and regulatory requirements. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems.
Other	An emergency shower and eyewash station should be available, tested, and be in close proximity to the product being handled in accordance with provincial regulations.

Protective equipment

The following are recommendations only. It is the responsibility of the employer / user to conduct a hazard assessment of the process in which this product being used and determine the proper engineering controls and PPE for their process. Additional regulatory and safety information should be sought from local authorities and, if needed, a professional industrial hygienist.

Eye and face protection	Where there is potential eye or face exposure, tightly fitting safety goggles and a face shield or a full face respirator or similar protective equipment which protects the wearer's face and eyes are recommended. Contact lenses are not recommended; they may contribute to severe eye injury.
Hand and body protection	Where handling this product it is recommended that chemically resistant gloves are worn. Resistance of specific materials can vary from product to product. Breakthrough times are obtained under conditions of continuous contact, generally at room temperature. Evaluate resistance under conditions of use and maintain protective clothing. Where there is potential for contact with clothing or skin, rubber boots and sufficient body protection, such as: a chemical body suit or an apron and coveralls of chemical resistant material, are recommended. Continued use of contaminated safety gear or clothing is not recommended; wash before reuse or discard.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

NIOSH respirator recommendations for: Chlorine

Up to: 5 ppm

(APF = 10) Any chemical cartridge respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 10) Any supplied-air respirator

Up to: 10 ppm

(APF = 25) Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode

(APF = 25) Any powered, air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 50) Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern

(APF = 50) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

(APF = 50) Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece

Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions:

(APF = 10,000) Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode

(APF = 10,000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus

Escape

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern

Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus

Thermal hazards

Not available

Section 09 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Clear, greenish-yellow solution
Odour	Strong chlorine odour
Odour threshold	Not available

Property

pH	10.8-11.2
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Slowly decomposes above 40°C
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available

Flammability	Not applicable
Upper flammable limit	Not available
Lower flammable limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	2 - 2.5 kPa @ 20°C
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not applicable
Solubility	Completely soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Log POW = ~ -3.42
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	40°C
Viscosity	Not available
Specific gravity	1.1-1.2
Formula	NaOCl
Molecular weight	74.44 g/mol

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	May be corrosive to metals. Reacts violently with acids. Sodium hypochlorite solution gives off oxygen when heated or when exposed to sunlight. However, the amount is small and should not cause or contribute to combustion.
Stability	This product is stable if stored according to the recommendations in Section 07. Sodium hypochlorite solutions decompose slowly at normal temperatures releasing low concentrations of toxic chlorine gas.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not available
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Do not heat. Do not freeze.
Incompatible materials	Acids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, fluosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic, acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic. Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and permanganates. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gas, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.
Hazardous decomposition products	Chlorine, sodium chlorate.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity (LD50 values)

Component	Route	Species	Value	Exposure time
Sodium Hypochlorite	Oral	Rat	8910 mg/kg	
	Oral	Mouse	5800 mg/kg	
Chlorine	Inhalation	Mouse	137 ppm	1 hour

Toxic Health Effect Summary

Chemical characteristics	This product is not bioavailable. This product is highly reactive and is not expected to persist in the body.
Skin	Very dilute solutions have caused negligible irritation, while more concentrated solutions have caused acute corrosive injury to skin. Prolonged exposure may lead to permanent scarring of skin.
Ingestion	Acute exposure may lead to burning of the mouth and throat, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, shock. May lead to convulsions, coma, and even death.
Inhalation	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist). Irritant of the nose and throat, causing coughing, difficulty breathing, and pulmonary edema.
Eye contact	Causes irritation, redness, and pain. May cause burns and possible damage to vision.
Sensitization	Negative results (0/20 guinea pigs sensitized) have been obtained for 8% sodium hypochlorite solution in a skin sensitization test. Insufficient details are available to evaluate a report of a positive result (positive reactions in 2/10 animals) obtained using 6% sodium hypochlorite (pH 11.2) with the guinea pig ear swelling test for non-immunological contact urticaria.
Mutagenicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known mutagenic effects.
Carcinogenicity	IARC has classified this product or one or more of its components as group 3, not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known reproductive effects.
Specific organ toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known effects on specific organs.
Aspiration hazard	Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause lung damage.
Synergistic materials	Not available

Section 12 Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Type	Species	Value	Exposure Time
Sodium Hypochlorite	EC50	Red algae	46 mg/L	96 hours
	LC50	Salmo gairdneri	0.07 mg/L	48 hours
	LC50	Daphnia magna	0.032 mg/L	48 hours

Biodegradability	This product is highly reactive and will rapidly break down in the environment. This product breaks down in the presence of ultraviolet light.
Bioaccumulation	This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.
Mobility	This product is water soluble, and will not adsorb to soil and may contaminate ground water.

Other adverse effects Not available

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste From Residues / Unused Products Dispose in accordance with all federal, provincial, and local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Contaminated Packaging Do not remove label, follow label warnings even after the container is empty. Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of at an approved waste handling facility.

Section 14 Transport Information

UN number UN 1791

UN proper shipping name HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION with more than 7% available chlorine

Transport hazard class(es) 8

Packing group III

Excepted quantities 5 L

Environmental hazards Listed as a marine pollutant under Canadian TDG Regulations, schedule III.

Special precautions No special provisions

Transport in bulk ERAP index: not required

MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code:

Product name: Sodium hypochlorite solution (15% or less)

Pollution category: Y

Hazards: the product is included in the Code because of both its safety and pollution hazards.

Ship type: ship type 2

Tank type: integral gravity tank

Tank vents: controlled venting

Tank environmental control: no special requirements under this Code

Temperature classes	no requirements
Electrical equipment: Apparatus group	no requirements
Flash point	non-flammable product

Gauging: restricted gauging

Vapour detection: no special requirements under this Code

Fire protection: no special requirements under this Code

Emergency equipment no special requirements under this Code

Specific and operational requirements 15.19.6

Additional information Secure containers (full or empty) during shipment and ensure all caps, valves, or closures are secured in the closed position.

TDG PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified on the preparation date specified at section 16 of this SDS, for transportation in accordance with the requirements of part 2 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, testing and published test data regarding the classification of this product are listed in the references at section 16 of this SDS.

Section 15 Regulatory Information

NOTE: THE PRODUCT LISTED ON THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CANADIAN HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS REGULATIONS. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THOSE REGULATIONS.

Section 16 Other Information

Date of latest revision: May 28, 2019

Note: The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the buyer / user. The buyer / user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the buyer / user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding handling, using, reselling and shipping this product.

Attention: Receiver of the chemical goods / SDS coordinator

As part of our commitment to the RDC Responsible Distribution® initiative, ClearTech Industries Inc. and its associated companies require, as a condition of sale, that you forward the attached Safety Data Sheet(s) to all affected employees, customers, and end-users. ClearTech will send any available supplementary handling, health, and safety information to you at your request.

If you have any questions or concerns please call our customer service center.

References:

- 1) CHEMINFO
- 2) TOXNET
- 3) eChemPortal
- 4) ECHA
- 5) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Canada
- 6) HSDB
- 7) PAN