

# **Safety Data Sheet**

### **Section 01 Identification**

Product Identifier	Sodium Hypochlorite 3-6% Sodium Hypochlorite 3% Sodium Hypochlorite 5%, NSF® - 60 Sodium Hypochlorite 6%, NSF® - 60
Other Means of Identification	Sodium hypochlorite, Bleach, Chlorox, Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt, Javel water, liquid bleach.
Product Use and Restrictions on Use	Disinfectant, bleaching agent, source of available chlorine, deodorizer.
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### Section 02 Hazard Identification

### **Physical Hazards**

Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Health Hazards	
Skin corrosion / irritation	Category 2
Serious eye damage / eye irritation	Category 1
Cinnel Mond	

### Signal Word

Danger

### Hazard Statements

- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H318 Causes serious eye damage.

### **Pictograms**



#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

- P234 Keep only in original packaging.
- P264 Wash affected body parts thoroughly after handling.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.

### Response

	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

#### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Not available

### Supplemental Information

Not available

### Section 03 Composition / Information on Ingredients

### Hazardous Ingredients:

Chemical name	Common name(s)	CAS number	Concentration (w/w%)
Sodium Hypochlorite	Chlorine bleach	7681-52-9	2.5-6.0%

### Section 04 First-Aid Measures

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. May release toxic chlorine gas.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Get medical advice / attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

- Skin<br/>contactAvoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing, if necessary. Take off immediately contaminated<br/>clothing, shoes and leather goods. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water / shower for 15 to 20<br/>minutes. Get medical advice / attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use, or discard.
- Eye Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 30 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation May cause respiratory irritation. May release toxic chlorine gas.

Ingestion May cause discomfort or nausea.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Further information** For further information see Section 11 Toxicological Information.

### **Section 05 Fire Fighting Measures**

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish fire using extinguishing agents suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do NOT use dry chemical fire extinguishing agents containing ammonium compounds (such as some A:B:C agents), since an explosive compound can be formed.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Sodium hypochlorite decomposes when heated, giving off toxic chlorine gas. Explosive decomposition may occur under fire conditions and closed containers may rupture violently due to a rapid decomposition, if exposed to fire or excessive heat for a sufficient period of time. Thermal decomposition occurs at 50 °C.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. The decomposition products of sodium hypochlorite, such as chlorine are extremely hazardous to health. Do not enter without wearing specialized protective equipment suitable for the situation. Firefighter's normal protective equipment (Bunker Gear) may not provide adequate protection.

### Section 06 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection). Stay upwind, ventilate area. Only enter area with PPE.
Environmental Precautions	Prevent material from entering waterways, sewers or confined spaces. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up	SMALL SPILLS: Approach from upwind, ventilate area. Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Clean up spill with non-reactive absorbent and place in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Flush area with water. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. LARGE SPILLS: Contact fire and emergency services and supplier for advice.

## Section 07 Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Use proper equipment for lifting and transporting all containers. Use sensible industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid all situations that could lead to harmful exposure. Inspect containers for damage or leaks before handling. If the original label is damaged or missing replace with a workplace label. Never return contaminated material to its original container. Have suitable emergency equipment for fires, spills and leaks readily available.
Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight, away from heat sources and incompatible materials. Always store in original labeled container. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use and when empty. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Protect label and keep it visible. Do not transfer to metal containers. Strong solutions (greater than 10% available chlorine) may slowly give off chlorine during storage, especially when warm (above 18°C). Vent caps are required to prevent a build-up of pressure that could cause containers to burst.

IncompatibilitiesAcids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, flurosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic,<br/>acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic.<br/>Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and<br/>permanganates.<br/>Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based<br/>heat transfer fluids<br/>Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.

### **Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

#### Exposure limits

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Sodium Hypochlorite	NIOSH	REL	2 mg/m³
	OSHA	PEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Chlorine	NIOSH	REL	1.45 mg/m³ (15-minute)
Engineering controls			

Ventilation Requirements Mechanical ventilation (dilution or local exhaust), process or personnel enclosure and control of process conditions should be provided in accordance with all fire codes and regulatory requirements. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems.

Other A soak hose and eyewash station or emergency shower and eyewash station should be available, tested, and be in close proximity to the product being handled in accordance with provincial regulations.

#### Protective equipment

The following are recommendations only. It is the responsibility of the employer / user to conduct a hazard assessment of the process in which this product being used and determine the proper engineering controls and PPE for their process. Additional regulatory and safety information should be sought from local authorities and, if needed, a professional industrial hygienist.

Eye and face protection	Where there is potential eye or face exposure, tightly fitting safety goggles and a face shield or a full face respirator or similar protective equipment which protects the wearer's face and eyes are recommended. Contact lenses are not recommended; they may contribute to severe eye injury.	
Hand and body protection	Where handling this product it is recommended that chemically resistant gloves are worn. Where there is potential for contact with clothing or skin, rubber boots and sufficient body protection, such as: a chemical body suit or an apron and coveralls of chemical resistant material, are recommended. Continued use of contaminated safety gear or clothing is not recommended; wash before reuse or discard.	
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. NIOSH respirator recommendations for: Chlorine	
	<b>Up to: 5 ppm</b> (APF = 10) Any chemical cartridge respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern (APF = 10) Any supplied-air respirator	
	<b>Up to: 10 ppm</b> (APF = 25) Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode	

	<ul> <li>(APF = 25) Any powered, air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern</li> <li>(APF = 50) Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and cartridge(s) providing protection against the compound of concern</li> <li>(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern</li> <li>(APF = 50) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.</li> <li>(APF = 50) Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece</li> </ul>
	<b>Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions:</b> (APF = 10,000) Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode (APF = 10,000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self- contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus
	<b>Escape</b> (APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against the compound of concern Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus
Thermal hazards	Not available

# Section 09 Physical and Chemical Properties

### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Clear, greenish-yellow solution
Odour	Strong chlorine odour
Odour threshold	Not available
Property	
рН	10.8-11.2
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Slowly decomposes above 40°C
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability	Not applicable
Upper flammable limit	Not available
Lower flammable limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Negligible
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not applicable

Solubility	Completely soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Log POW = ~ -3.42
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	40°C
Viscosity	Not available
Specific gravity	1.03-1.10 g/mL
Formula	NaOCI
Molecular weight	74.44 g/mol

### **Section 10 Stability and Reactivity**

Reactivity	May be corrosive to metals. Reacts violently with acids. Sodium hypochlorite solution gives off oxygen when heated or when exposed to sunlight. However, the amount is small and should not cause or contribute to combustion.
Stability	This product is stable if stored according to the recommendations in Section 07. Sodium hypochlorite solutions decompose slowly at normal temperatures releasing low concentrations of toxic chlorine gas.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not available
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Do not heat. Do not freeze.
Incompatible materials	Acids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, flurosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic, acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic. Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and permanganates. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.
Hazardous decomposition products	Chlorine, sodium chlorate.

### **Section 11 Toxicological Information**

### Acute Toxicity (LD50 values)

Component	Route	Species	Value	Exposure time
Sodium Hypochlorite	Oral	Rat	8910 mg/kg	
	Oral	Mouse	5800 mg/kg	
Chlorine	Inhalation	Mouse	137 ppm	1 hour

### **Toxic Health Effect Summary**

ChemicalThis product is not bioavailable. This product is highly reactive and is not expected to persist in the<br/>body.

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Skin	Very dilute solutions have caused negligible irritation, while more concentrated solutions have caused acute corrosive injury to skin. Prolonged exposure may lead to permanent scarring of skin.
Ingestion	Acute exposure may lead to burning of the mouth and throat, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, shock. May lead to convulsions, coma, and even death.
Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation. Irritant of the nose and throat, causing coughing, difficulty breathing, and pulmonary edema.
Eye contact	Causes irritation, redness, and pain. May cause burns and possible damage to vision.
Sensitization	Negative results (0/20 guinea pigs sensitized) have been obtained for 8% sodium hypochlorite solution in a skin sensitization test. Insufficient details are available to evaluate a report of a positive result (positive reactions in 2/10 animals) obtained using 6% sodium hypochlorite (pH 11.2) with the guinea pig ear swelling test for non-immunological contact urticaria.
Mutagenicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known mutagenic effects.
Carcinogenicity	IARC has classified this product or one or more of its componentsas group 3, not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
Reproductive toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known reproductive effects.
Specific organ toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known effects on specific organs.
Aspiration hazard	Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause lung damage.
Synergistic materials	Not available

# Section 12 Ecological Information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

Component	Туре	Species	Value	Exposure Time
Sodium Hypochlorite	EC50	Red algea	46 mg/L	96 hours
	LC50	Salmo gairdneri	0.07 mg/L	48 hours
	LC50	Daphnia magna	0.032 mg/L	48 hours
Biodegradability	The domestic substance list categorizes sodium hypochlorite as non-persistent.			
Bioaccumulation	The domestic substance list categorizes sodium hypochlorite as non-bioaccumulative.			
Mobility	This product is water soluble, and will not adsorb to soil and may contaminate ground water.			
Other adverse effects	The domestic substance environment.	e list categorizes sodiι	im hypochlorite as inhe	erently toxic to the

# **Section 13 Disposal Considerations**

Waste From Residues / Unused Products	Dispose in accordance with all federal, provincial, and local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
Contaminated Packaging	Do not remove label, follow label warnings even after the container is empty. Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of at an approved waste handling facility.

### **Section 14 Transport Information**

UN number	Not available	
UN proper shipping name	Not available	
Transport hazard class(es)	Not available	
Packing group	Not available	
Excepted quantities	Not available	
Environmental hazards	Listed as a marine pollutant under Canadian TDG Regulations, schedule III.	
Special precautions	No special provisions	
Transport in bulk	ERAP index: not required	
	MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code: Product name: Sodium hypochlorite solution (15% or less) Pollution category: Y Hazards: the product is included in the Code because of both and pollution hazards. Ship type: ship type 2 Tank type: integral gravity tank Tank vents: controlled venting Tank environmental control: no special requirements under this Code Electrical equipment: Apparatus group no requirements Flash point non-flammable produ Gauging: restricted gauging Vapour detection: no special requirements under this Code Fire protection: no special requirements under this Code Emergency equipment no special requirements under this Code Emergency equipment no special requirements under this Code Specific and operational requirements 15.19.6	
Additional information	Secure containers (full or empty) during shipmont and ensure all cape, values, o	or closuros

Additional information

Secure containers (full or empty) during shipment and ensure all caps, valves, or closures are secured in the closed position.

TDG PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified on the preparation date specified at section 16 of this SDS, for transportation in accordance with the requirements of part 2 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, testing and published test data regarding the classification of this product are listed in the references at section 16 of this SDS.

### Section 15 Regulatory Information.

NOTE: THE PRODUCT LISTED ON THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CANADIAN HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS REGULATIONS. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THOSE REGULATIONS.

All components of this product appear on the domestic substance list.

NSF Certification: Sodium Hypochlorite 6%, NSF® - 60 is certified under NSF / ANSI Standard 60 for Disinfection & Oxidation at a maximum dosage of: 206 mg/L

NSF product use restrictions based on requirements obtained from the NSF website; consult NSF website for current requirements.

### Section 16 Other Information

### Date of latest revision: June 24, 2019

**Note:** The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the buyer / user. The buyer / user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the buyer / user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding handling, using, reselling and shipping this product.

### Attention: Receiver of the chemical goods / SDS coordinator

As part of our commitment to the RDC Responsible Distribution® initiative, ClearTech Industries Inc. and its associated companies require, as a condition of sale, that you forward the attached Safety Data Sheet(s) to all affected employees, customers, and end-users. ClearTech will send any available supplementary handling, health, and safety information to you at your request.

If you have any questions or concerns please call our customer service center.

References: 1) CHEMINFO 2) TOXNET 3) eChemPortal 4) ECHA 5) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Canada 6) HSDB 7) PAN