



# Safety Data Sheet

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## Section 01 Identification

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<b>Product Identifier</b>	Hydrogen Peroxide 20-50% Hydrogen Peroxide 20% Std Hydrogen Peroxide 25% Std Hydrogen Peroxide 29% Food Grade Hydrogen Peroxide 29% Std Hydrogen Peroxide 35% NSF Food Grade Hydrogen Peroxide 35% Std Hydrogen Peroxide 50% Food Grade Hydrogen Peroxide 50% Std
<b>Other Means of Identification</b>	Not available
<b>Product Use and Restrictions on Use</b>	Industrial bleaching, processing, pollution abatement, aseptic packaging and other food related applications, water treatment. This product is certified to NSF / ANSI / CAN standard 60 for use in drinking water, see section 15 and the NSF website for further information.
<b>Initial Supplier Identifier</b>	ClearTech Industries Inc. 1500 Quebec Avenue Saskatoon, SK. Canada S7K 1V7  Phone: 800.387.7503 Fax: 888.281.8109 <a href="http://www.cleartech.ca">www.cleartech.ca</a>
<b>Prepared By</b>	ClearTech Industries Inc. technical writer
<b>24-Hour Emergency Phone</b>	306.664.2522

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## Section 02 Hazard Identification

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### Physical Hazards

<b>Oxidizing liquid</b>	Category 2
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### Health Hazards

<b>Acute toxicity - inhalation</b>	Category 4
<b>Acute toxicity - oral</b>	Category 4
<b>Skin corrosion / irritation</b>	Category 1B
<b>Serious eye damage / eye irritation</b>	Category 1
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Category 3

### Signal Word

**Danger**

### Hazard Statements

- H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

## Pictograms



## Precautionary Statements

### Prevention

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.  
P264 Wash affected body parts thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection.

### Response

- P301 P312 P330 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P303 P361 P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P304 P340 P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.  
P305 P351 P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### Storage

- P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.  
P233 Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.

### Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with all federal, provincial and / or local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

## Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Not available

## Supplemental Information

Not available

## Section 03 Composition / Information on Ingredients

### Hazardous Ingredients:

Chemical name	Common name(s)	CAS number	Concentration (w/w%)
Hydrogen peroxide	Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	19-51%

## Section 04 First-Aid Measures

### Description of necessary first-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). Avoid mouth to mouth contact by using a barrier device.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing, if necessary. Take off immediately contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water / shower for 30 minutes. Store contaminated clothing under water and wash before re-use or discard. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use, or discard.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 30 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<b>Inhalation</b>	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist). Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Causes burns to the mouth and throat. Harmful if swallowed.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Causes severe skin burns.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Further information</b>	For further information see Section 11 Toxicological Information.

## Section 05 Fire Fighting Measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	This material is an oxidizer. Use large quantities of water as fog to fight fires in which this material is involved.
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Carbon dioxide or other extinguishing agents that smother flames are not effective in fires involving oxidizers. Do NOT use dry chemical fire extinguishing agents containing ammonium compounds (such as some A:B:C agents), since an explosive compound can be formed. Water jets are not recommended in fires involving chemicals.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	May intensify fire; oxidizer.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical-protective clothing.

## Section 06 Accidental Release Measures

<b>Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures</b>	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection). Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Stay upwind, ventilate area.
<b>Environmental Precautions</b>	Prevent material from entering waterways, sewers or confined spaces. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.
<b>Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up</b>	SMALL SPILLS: Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Clean up spill with non-reactive absorbent and place in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Flush area with water. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Use vented containers to avoid pressure buildup. LARGE SPILLS: Contact fire and emergency services and supplier for advice.

## Section 07 Handling and Storage

<b>Precautions for Safe Handling</b>	Use proper equipment for lifting and transporting all containers. Use sensible industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid all situations that could lead to harmful exposure. Inspect containers for damage or leaks before handling. If the original label is damaged or missing replace with a workplace label. Have suitable emergency equipment for fires, spills and leaks readily available. Never return contaminated material to its original container.
<b>Conditions for Safe Storage</b>	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from heat sources and incompatible materials. Always store in original labeled container. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use and when empty. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Protect label and keep it visible.
<b>Incompatibilities</b>	Bases, such as potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide (slaked lime), ammonia, carbonates. Reducing agents, such as hydrogen, sodium borohydride, sulphur dioxide, thiosulphates, hydrazine, phosphites, carbon, and oxalic, formic and ascorbic acid. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as iron, aluminum, steel, and brass.

## Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

### Exposure limits

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Hydrogen Peroxide	ACGIH	TWA	1 ppm

### Engineering controls

<b>Ventilation Requirements</b>	Mechanical ventilation (dilution or local exhaust), process or personnel enclosure and control of process conditions should be provided in accordance with all fire codes and regulatory requirements. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems.
<b>Other</b>	An emergency shower and eyewash station should be available, tested, and be in close proximity to the product being handled in accordance with provincial regulations.

### Protective equipment

The following are recommendations only. It is the responsibility of the employer / user to conduct a hazard assessment of the process in which this product being used and determine the proper engineering controls and PPE for their process. Additional regulatory and safety information should be sought from local authorities and, if needed, a professional industrial hygienist.

<b>Eye and face protection</b>	Where there is potential eye or face exposure, tightly fitting safety goggles and a face shield or a full face respirator or similar protective equipment which protects the wearer's face and eyes are recommended.
<b>Hand and body protection</b>	Disposable latex or nitrile gloves are recommended to prevent incidental contact. Butyl rubber, neoprene, or PVC skin protection is recommended for extended contact. Leather gloves are not recommended for chemical protection. Refer to manufacturer's specifications for breakthrough times and permeability information; note that breakthrough times and permeability vary with temperature, application and age of material. Continued use of contaminated safety gear or clothing is not recommended; wash before reuse or discard.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	<p>In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.</p> <p><b>NIOSH respirator recommendations for: Hydrogen peroxide</b></p> <p><b>Up to: 10 ppm</b> (APF = 10) Any supplied-air respirator</p> <p><b>Up to: 25 ppm</b> (APF = 25) Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode</p> <p><b>Up to: 50 ppm</b> (APF = 50) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece. (APF = 50) Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece</p> <p><b>Up to: 75 ppm</b> (APF = 2000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode</p> <p><b>Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions:</b> (APF = 10,000) Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode (APF = 10,000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus</p> <p><b>Escape:</b> (APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against Hydrogen peroxide</p>
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Not available

## Section 09 Physical and Chemical Properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid
<b>Colour</b>	Clear, colourless
<b>Odour</b>	Odourless
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not available

# Safety Data Sheet

Hydrogen Peroxide 20-50%  
ClearTech Industries Inc

## Property

pH	<2
Melting point / freezing point	-33 °C (35%), -52 °C (50%)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	106.2 °C (30%)
Flash point	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability	Not applicable
Upper flammable limit	Not applicable
Lower flammable limit	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	Not available
Vapour density	1.17
Relative density	Not applicable
Solubility	Soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Log Pow = -0.70 to -1.33
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	150-152 °C (Pure Hydrogen Peroxide)
Viscosity	Not available
Specific gravity	~1.13 (35%), ~1.20 (50%)
Particle characteristics	Not applicable
Formula	H <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Molecular weight	34.02 g/mol

## Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	This product is an oxidizer and will react with reducing agents and organic compounds such as paper or wood to produce heat and could potentially catch fire.
Stability	This product is stable if stored according to the recommendations in Section 07. Exposure to sunlight or high temperatures may cause the degradation of this product over time.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization is not known to occur. Hydrogen peroxide is catalytically broken down by iron, producing free radicals and heat.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Do not heat.
Incompatible materials	Bases, such as potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide (slaked lime), ammonia, carbonates. Reducing agents, such as hydrogen, sodium borohydride, sulphur dioxide, thiosulphates, hydrazine, phosphites, carbon, and oxalic, formic and ascorbic acid. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as iron, aluminum, steel, and brass.
Hazardous decomposition products	Molecular oxygen.

## Section 11 Toxicological Information

### Acute Toxicity (LD50 / LC50 values)

# Safety Data Sheet

Hydrogen Peroxide 20-50%  
ClearTech Industries Inc

Component	Route	Species	Value	Exposure time
Hydrogen peroxide 50%	Oral	Rat	1390 mg/kg	
Hydrogen peroxide	Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	
	Inhalation (aerosol)	Mouse	>170 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours

## Toxic Health Effect Summary

<b>Chemical characteristics</b>	Strong oxidizier.
<b>Skin</b>	Causes severe skin burns.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Causes burns to the mouth and throat. Harmful if swallowed.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist). Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Sensitization</b>	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known sensitizing effects.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known mutagenic effects.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	IARC has classified hydrogen peroxide as group 3, not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known reproductive effects.
<b>Specific organ toxicity</b>	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known effects on specific organs.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Not available
<b>Synergistic materials</b>	Increased airways resistance was observed in volunteers exposed to hydrogen peroxide and sulfur dioxide aerosols at the same time. An animal study has shown that concurrent inhalation exposure to fine particulates and hydrogen peroxide can increase the toxicity of both to the lungs. Exposure to hydrogen peroxide also increased the toxicity of ozone in animals.

## Section 12 Ecological Information

### Ecotoxicity

Component	Type	Species	Value	Exposure Time
Hydrogen peroxide	LC50	Pimephales promelas	16.4 mg/L	72 hours
	EC50	Daphnia pulex	2.4 mg/L	48 hours
	NOEC	Skeletonema costatum	0.68 mg/L	48 hours
<b>Biodegradability</b>	The domestic substance list categorizes hydrogen peroxide as non-persistent.			
<b>Bioaccumulation</b>	The domestic substance list categorizes hydrogen peroxide as non-bioaccumulative.			
<b>Mobility</b>	This product is water soluble, is not predicted to adsorb to soil and may contaminate ground water.			
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	Not available			

## Section 13 Disposal Considerations

<b>Waste From Residues / Unused Products</b>	Dispose in accordance with all federal, provincial, and local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
<b>Contaminated Packaging</b>	Do not remove label, follow label warnings even after the container is empty. Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of at an approved waste handling facility.

## Section 14 Transport Information

UN number	UN2014
UN proper shipping name and description	HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION with not less than 20% but not more than 60% hydrogen peroxide (stabilized as necessary)
Transport hazard class(es)	5.1 (8)
Packing group	II
Excepted quantities	1 L
Environmental hazards	Not listed as a marine pollutant under Canadian TDG Regulations, schedule III.
Special precautions	No special precautions
Transport in bulk	ERAP index: not available

MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code:

Product name: Hydrogen peroxide solutions (over 8% but not over 60% by mass)

Pollution category: Y

Hazards: the product is included in the Code because of both its safety and pollution hazards.

Ship type: ship type 3

Tank type: integral gravity tank

Tank vents: controlled venting

Tank environmental control: no special requirements under this Code

	Temperature classes	no requirements
Electrical equipment:	Apparatus group	no requirements
	Flash point	non-flammable product

Gauging: closed gauging

Vapour detection: no special requirements under this Code

Fire protection: no special requirements under this Code

Emergency equipment: no special requirements under this Code

Specific and operational requirements 15.5.2, 15.18, 15.19.6

**Additional information** Secure containers (full or empty) during shipment and ensure all caps, valves, or closures are secured in the closed position.

**TDG PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION:** This product has been classified on the preparation date specified at section 16 of this SDS, for transportation in accordance with the requirements of part 2 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, testing and published test data regarding the classification of this product are listed in the references at section 16 of this SDS.

## Section 15 Regulatory Information.

**NOTE: THE PRODUCT LISTED ON THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CANADIAN HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS REGULATIONS. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THOSE REGULATIONS.**

All components of this product appear on the domestic substance list.

NSF Certification: Hydrogen Peroxide 35% FG NSF®-60 is certified to NSF / ANSI / CAN Standard 60 for Disinfection & Oxidation at a maximum dosage of: 23 mg/L. NSF product use restrictions based on requirements obtained from the NSF website; consult NSF website for current requirements.



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## Section 16 Other Information

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Date of latest revision: May 14, 2025

**Note:** The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the buyer / user. The buyer / user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the buyer / user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding handling, using, reselling and shipping this product.

### Attention: Receiver of the chemical goods / SDS coordinator

As part of our commitment to the RDC Responsible Distribution® initiative, ClearTech Industries Inc. and its associated companies require, as a condition of sale, that you forward the attached Safety Data Sheet(s) to all affected employees, customers, and end-users. ClearTech will send any available supplementary handling, health, and safety information to you at your request.

If you have any questions or concerns please call our customer service center.

### References:

- 1) *NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards*; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, <https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/npg/default.html>
- 2) *WorkSafe BC E-Limit*; Workers' Compensation Board of British Columbia, <https://elimit.online.worksafebc.com/>
- 3) *ECHA - Registered Substance Dossier*; European Chemicals Agency, <https://echa.europa.eu/registration-dossier/-/registered-dossier/15701>
- 4) *Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations*; Transport Canada, <https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/regulations/SOR-2001-286/index.html>
- 5) Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) *Seventh revised edition*
- 6) International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code) 2007 Edition
- 7) The ACS Style Guide