
Section 01 Identification

Product Identifier	TANKHERO All-Purpose Cleaner II
Other Means of Identification	Not available
Product Use and Restrictions on Use	TANKHERO All-Purpose Cleaner is a chlorinated alkaline cleaning agent designed for moderate soil removal on a wide range of surfaces.
Initial Supplier Identifier	ClearTech Industries Inc 1500 Quebec Avenue Saskatoon, SK. Canada S7K 1V7 Phone: 800.387.7503 Fax: 888.281.8109 www.cleartech.ca
Prepared By	ClearTech Industries Inc. technical writer
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Section 02 Hazard Identification

Physical Hazards

Corrosive to metals Category 1

Health Hazards

Skin corrosion / irritation Category 1B

Serious eye damage / eye irritation Category 1

Environmental Hazards

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard Category 1

Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

- H290 May be corrosive to metals.
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Pictograms



Precautionary Statements

Prevention

- P234 Keep only in original packaging.
- P260 Do not breathe vapours, fumes, or mists.
- P264 Wash affected body parts thoroughly after handling.
- P273 Avoid release to the environment.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection

Response

- P301 P330 P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P303 P361 P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P304 P340 P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P305 P351 P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- P391 Collect spillage.

Storage

- P405 Store locked up.

Disposal

- P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with all federal, provincial and / or local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

Not available

Supplemental Information

Not available

Section 03 Composition / Information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients:

Chemical name	Common name(s)	CAS number	Concentration (w/w%)
Sodium hydroxide	Caustic soda	1310-73-2	7-13%*
Hypochlorous acid, sodium salt	Sodium hypochlorite	7681-52-9	1-5%*

*Exact concentration withheld as a trade secret.

Section 04 First-Aid Measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

- Inhalation** Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). Avoid mouth to mouth contact by using a barrier device.
- Ingestion** Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Skin contact	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective clothing, if necessary. Take off immediately contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water / shower for 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use, or discard.
Eye contact	Avoid direct contact. Wear chemical protective gloves, if necessary. Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 60 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist).
Ingestion	Causes burns to the mouth and throat.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Further information	For further information see Section 11 Toxicological Information.

Section 05 Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Extinguish fire using extinguishing agents suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do NOT use dry chemical fire extinguishing agents containing ammonium compounds (such as some A:B:C agents), since an explosive compound can be formed. Water jets are not recommended in fires involving chemicals.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	In the event of a fire oxides of carbon, sulphur, and nitrogen may be released.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Wear NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical-protective clothing.

Section 06 Accidental Release Measures

Personal Precautions / Protective Equipment / Emergency Procedures	Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection). Stay upwind, ventilate area. Do not breathe vapours, fumes, or mists. Do not use material handling equipment with exposed metal surfaces.
Environmental Precautions	Do NOT let this chemical enter the environment. Prevent material from entering waterways, sewers or confined spaces. Notify local health and wildlife officials. Notify operators of nearby water intakes.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up	SMALL SPILLS: Stop or reduce leak if safe to do so. Clean up spill with non-reactive absorbent and place in suitable, covered, labeled containers. Flush area with water. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. LARGE SPILLS: Contact fire and emergency services and supplier for advice.

Section 07 Handling and Storage

Precautions for Safe Handling	Use proper equipment for lifting and transporting all containers. Use sensible industrial hygiene and housekeeping practices. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid all situations that could lead to harmful exposure. Prevent the release of vapours, fumes, or mists into the workplace air. Inspect containers for damage or leaks before handling. If the original label is damaged or missing replace with a workplace label. Have suitable emergency equipment for fires, spills and leaks readily available. Never return contaminated material to its original container.
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Conditions for Safe Storage	Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area, away from heat sources and incompatible materials. Always store in original labeled container. Keep containers tightly closed when not in use and when empty. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Protect label and keep it visible. Do not transfer to metal containers.
Incompatibilities	<p>Acids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, fluosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic, acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic.</p> <p>Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and permanganates.</p> <p>Reducing agents, such as hydrogen, sodium borohydride, sulphur dioxide, thiosulphates, hydrazine, phosphites, carbon, and oxalic, formic and ascorbic acid.</p> <p>Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids</p> <p>Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.</p>

Section 08 Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Exposure limits

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Sodium hydroxide	ACGIH	STEL / Ceiling	2 mg/m ³
Chlorine	ACGIH	TWA	0.1 ppm

Engineering controls

Ventilation Requirements Mechanical ventilation (dilution or local exhaust), process or personnel enclosure and control of process conditions should be provided in accordance with all fire codes and regulatory requirements. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems.

Other An emergency shower and eyewash station should be available, tested, and be in close proximity to the product being handled in accordance with provincial regulations.

Protective equipment

The following are recommendations only. It is the responsibility of the employer / user to conduct a hazard assessment of the process in which this product being used and determine the proper engineering controls and PPE for their process. Additional regulatory and safety information should be sought from local authorities and, if needed, a professional industrial hygienist.

Eye and face protection Where there is potential eye or face exposure, tightly fitting safety goggles and a face shield or a full face respirator or similar protective equipment which protects the wearer's face and eyes are recommended. Contact lenses are not recommended; they may contribute to severe eye injury.

Hand and body protection Disposable latex or nitrile gloves are recommended to prevent incidental contact. Butyl rubber, neoprene, or PVC skin protection is recommended for extended contact. Leather gloves are not recommended for chemical protection. Refer to manufacturer's specifications for breakthrough times and permeability information; note that breakthrough times and permeability vary with temperature, application and age of material. Continued use of contaminated safety gear or clothing is not recommended; wash before reuse or discard.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

NIOSH respirator recommendations for: Chlorine

Up to: 5 ppm

(APF = 10) Any chemical cartridge respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against Chlorine

(APF = 10) Any supplied-air respirator

Up to: 10 ppm

(APF = 25) Any supplied-air respirator operated in a continuous-flow mode

(APF = 25) Any powered, air-purifying respirator with cartridge(s) providing protection against Chlorine

(APF = 50) Any chemical cartridge respirator with a full facepiece and cartridge(s) providing protection against Chlorine

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against Chlorine

(APF = 50) Any self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece.

(APF = 50) Any supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece

Emergency or planned entry into unknown concentrations or IDLH conditions:

(APF = 10,000) Any self-contained breathing apparatus that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode

(APF = 10,000) Any supplied-air respirator that has a full facepiece and is operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode in combination with an auxiliary self-contained positive-pressure breathing apparatus

Escape:

(APF = 50) Any air-purifying, full-facepiece respirator (gas mask) with a chin-style, front- or back-mounted canister providing protection against Chlorine

Any appropriate escape-type, self-contained breathing apparatus

Thermal hazards

Not available

Section 09 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid
Colour	Clear, greenish-yellow solution
Odour	Chlorine
Odour threshold	Not available

Property

pH	>13
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Not available
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability	Not applicable
Upper flammable limit	Not available
Lower flammable limit	Not available
Vapour pressure	Negligible
Vapour density	Not available
Relative density	Not applicable
Solubility	Completely soluble in water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Specific gravity	1.16-1.17 g/mL @ 20 °C
Particle characteristics	Not applicable

Section 10 Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	May be corrosive to metals. Reacts violently with acids.
Stability	This product is stable if stored according to the recommendations in Section 07.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Reacts with acids to form hypochlorous acid, a powerful oxidizing agent, which degrades into toxic chlorine gas. Hazardous polymerization is not known to occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with incompatible materials. Do not heat.
Incompatible materials	Acids, such as sulphuric, nitric, hydrochloric, phosphoric, fluosilicic (HFSA), sulphonic, acetic, citric, oxalic, and formic. Oxidizing agents, such as oxygen, hydrogen peroxide, sulphuric and nitric acids and permanganates. Reducing agents, such as hydrogen, sodium borohydride, sulphur dioxide, thiosulphates, hydrazine, phosphites, carbon, and oxalic, formic and ascorbic acid. Organic material, such as wood, paper, gasoline, diesel, solvents and some glycol based heat transfer fluids Metals, such as aluminum, steel, and brass.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition may produce oxides of carbon, sulphur, and nitrogen. Chlorine, sodium chlorate.

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute Toxicity (LD50 / LC50 values)

Component	Route	Species	Value	Exposure time
Acute toxicity estimate	Oral	Rat	>2,000 mg/kg bw	
Chlorine	Inhalation	Mouse	137 ppm	1 hour

Toxic Health Effect Summary

Chemical characteristics	Toxicity caused primarily by high pH and oxidative potential.
Skin	Causes severe skin burns.
Ingestion	Acute exposure may lead to burning of the mouth and throat, abdominal cramps, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, shock. May lead to convulsions, coma, and even death.
Inhalation	Causes severe burns to the mouth and throat (mist). Chlorine, one of the primary decomposition products of sodium hypochlorite, is an irritant of the nose and throat, causing coughing, difficulty breathing, and pulmonary edema.
Eye contact	Causes irritation, redness, and pain. May cause burns and possible damage to vision.
Sensitization	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known sensitizing effects.
Mutagenicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known mutagenic effects.
Carcinogenicity	IARC has classified hypochlorite salts as group 3, not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Safety Data Sheet

TANKHERO All-Purpose Cleaner II
ClearTech Industries Inc

Reproductive toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known reproductive effects.
Specific organ toxicity	This product and its components at their listed concentration have no known effects on specific organs.
Aspiration hazard	Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause lung damage.
Synergistic materials	Not available

Section 12 Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Component	Type	Species	Value	Exposure Time
Acute toxicity estimate	EC50	Algea	1.15 mg/L	96 hours
	LC50	Aquatic invertebrates	0.72 mg/L	48 hours
	LC50	Fish	0.89 mg/L	72 hours

Biodegradability	The domestic substance list categorizes sodium hydroxide as persistent.
Bioaccumulation	The domestic substance list categorizes all of the components of this product as non-bioaccumulative.
Mobility	This product is water soluble, is not predicted to adsorb to soil and may contaminate ground water.
Other adverse effects	The domestic substance list categorizes sodium hypochlorite as inherently toxic to aquatic organisms.

Section 13 Disposal Considerations

Waste From Residues / Unused Products	Dispose in accordance with all federal, provincial, and local regulations including the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.
Contaminated Packaging	Do not remove label, follow label warnings even after the container is empty. Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of at an approved waste handling facility.

Section 14 Transport Information

UN number	UN1824
UN proper shipping name and description	SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
Transport hazard class(es)	8
Packing group	II
Excepted quantities	1 L
Environmental hazards	Not listed as a marine pollutant under Canadian TDG Regulations, schedule III.
Special precautions	No special provisions
Transport in bulk	ERAP index: not required
Additional information	MARPOL 73/78 and IBC Code: This product is not listed in Chapter 17 of the IBC Code. Secure containers (full or empty) during shipment and ensure all caps, valves, or closures are secured in the closed position.

TDG PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION: This product has been classified on the preparation date specified at section 16 of this SDS, for transportation in accordance with the requirements of part 2 of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations. If applicable, testing and published test data regarding the classification of this product are listed in the references at section 16 of this SDS.

Section 15 Regulatory Information.

NOTE: THE PRODUCT LISTED ON THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CANADIAN HAZARDOUS PRODUCTS REGULATIONS. THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THOSE REGULATIONS.

All components of this product appear on the domestic substance list.

Section 16 Other Information

Date of latest revision: February 16, 2022

Note: The responsibility to provide a safe workplace remains with the buyer / user. The buyer / user should consider the health hazards and safety information contained herein as a guide and should take those precautions required in an individual operation to instruct employees and develop work practice procedures for a safe work environment. The information contained herein is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate. However, since the conditions of handling and use are beyond our control, we make no guarantee of results, and assume no liability for damages incurred by the use of this material. It is the responsibility of the buyer / user to comply with all applicable laws and regulations regarding handling, using, reselling and shipping this product.

Attention: Receiver of the chemical goods / SDS coordinator

As part of our commitment to the RDC Responsible Distribution® initiative, ClearTech Industries Inc. and its associated companies require, as a condition of sale, that you forward the attached Safety Data Sheet(s) to all affected employees, customers, and end-users. ClearTech will send any available supplementary handling, health, and safety information to you at your request.

If you have any questions or concerns please call our customer service center.

References:

- 1) CHEMINFO
- 2) TOXNET
- 3) eChemPortal
- 4) ECHA
- 5) Transportation of Dangerous Goods Canada
- 6) HSDB
- 7) PAN